基隆市立中山高中109學年度第一學期第一次月考高一英文科試題卷

範圍: 龍騰版第一冊第一至三課全 請劃卡

Live 九月份 W1—W3

1. Cloze 37.5%

How animals sleep can be a matter of life and death in the wild. \_\_1\_\_ respond to predators fast, many animals sleep little.

Take giraffes \_\_2\_\_. These tall, and slow-moving animals sleep as little as 30 minutes a day. They curl their long necks and \_\_3\_\_ their heads on their hips. This is because dangerous animals may be nearby, and thus it could be bad news if a giraffe sleeps for too long.

Another light sleeper is the Alpine swift. To avoid \_\_4\_\_ up by other predators, these birds have to keep flying \_\_5\_\_ six months. Scientists are amazed at the fact and wonder when \_\_6\_\_ the ground to have their meals. Surprisingly, while they are in flight, they can eat and nap at the same time.

　　As for whales and dolphins, they have an amazing technique which is known \_\_7\_\_ “logging”, during which only half of their brains go to sleep. \_\_8\_\_ half of their brains will stay alert to swim to the surface to breathe while they are sleeping.

These interesting sleeping habits show us how each animal is good at surviving in their unique way.

1. (A) According to (B) In addition to (C) In order to (D) In case of
2. (A) at last　(B) on the other hand　(C) for example　(D) on average
3. (A) lie (B) lay (C) laid (D) lain
4. (A) be eaten (B) be eating (C) being eaten (D) being eating
5. (A) up to (B) so far (C) for long (D) much than
6. (A) these birds touch (B) do these birds touch (C) these birds to touch (D) are these birds touching
7. (A) to (B) as (C) for (D) among
8. (A) another (B) other (C) others (D) the other

Without cellphones, many people may feel life is boring. There are many \_\_9\_\_ when it comes to using cellphones. For high school students, no doubt, the smart phone is a very useful tool and \_\_10\_\_ part of their lives. When they wake up, they \_\_11\_\_ their friends’ updates on FB and Instagram together. They always log up to the internet, refresh the screen and worry they may miss out something. In this way, they spend less time \_\_12\_\_ along with their family and friend, which leads to some misunderstanding between parents and children. Moreover, they also \_\_13\_\_ their studies and their grades are getting worse and worse. If high school students want to have a successful school life, they should remember it’s time \_\_14\_\_ them to say goodbye to their beloved smartphones.

1. (A) aches and pains (B) hustle and bustle (C) chalk and cheese (D) pros and cons
2. (A) has become (B) had become (C) become (D) became
3. (A) turn to (B) go through (C) look out (D) hold on to
4. (A) to get (B)get (C) getting (C) got
5. (A) pay attention to (B) ignore (C) inspire (D) focus on
6. (A) of (B)to (C) for (D)toward

I still remember vividly the night before my first day of high school. I was anxious and excited at the thought of meeting new classmates and teachers. After \_\_15\_\_ everything was ready, I happily went to bed. The next day, after I woke up excited for my first day of high school. I was \_\_16\_\_ to see a huge red zit on the tip of my nose. It was so \_\_16\_\_! Everyone was going to see it. My mom didn’t allow me \_\_17\_\_ school and I had no other choice but to go to school. \_\_18\_\_ my surprise, no one noticed or said anything about my zit. The next year, at the start of eleventh grade, I asked my friend \_\_19\_\_ she remembered my zit. “What zit?” she asked. “I was thinking about my own ugly shirt all day and didn’t really notice anyone else.” Of course, I didn’t remember her shirt \_\_20\_\_.

1. (A) wondering about (B) making sure (C)looking out for (D) coming up with
2. (A) shocking, disappointing (B) shocked, disappointed (C) shocking, disappointed (D) shocked, disappointing
3. (A) skip (B) to skip (C) skipping (D) skipped
4. (A) For (B) With (C) In (D) To
5. (A) that (B) what (C) why (D) if
6. (A) too (B) neither (C) either (D) as well

Swimming is a beneficial activity for both the body and the mind, especial in the scorching summer. But it is also important to recognize the \_\_21\_\_ when someone is drowning. You might be a good swimmer, but can you tell when someone else is having trouble in the water? To begin with, a person in serious danger won’t wave their arms and shout for help. They will probably be quiet and still, \_\_22\_\_ their head facing the shore, body upright, and their mouth at the level of the water. Bear in mind that if you see someone who may be drowning, you should \_\_23\_\_ help. Then, throw a flotation \_\_24\_\_ to the person. \_\_25\_\_ they are on land, they can get the medical attention they need.

1. (A) challenges (B) signs (C) statues (D) communities
2. (A) of (B)for (C) with (D) without
3. (A) put off (B)put on (C) call on (D) call for
4. (A) theory (B) version (C) device (D) holder
5. (A) Although (B) Because (C) Once (D) Whether
6. 文意選填 (請忽略大小寫) 19.5%

**(AB) keep (AC) from (AD) which (AE) let down with　(BC) fortunately (BD) surface**

**(BE) none (CD) muscles**

More than 60 years ago, two inventors – Alfred Fielding and Marc Chavannes – created something new, something the world had never seen, something no one had ever tried to make. The men found an ingenious way to \_\_26\_\_pockets of air between two plastic shower curtains creating a pattern of tiny 3D bubbles. They thought it would make for an avant-garde wallpaper but they were \_\_27\_\_ the results. No one wanted the product. These two inventors didn’t give up easily. They thought of more than 400 different uses for their soft, air-filled material, such as for use in greenhouse walls, but \_\_28\_\_ brought them much success. \_\_29\_\_ the bubble sheets still had potential. The air-filled material could easily be turned into protective packaging that would prevent damage to even the heaviest and intricately shaped items.

Then, in 1960, IBM saw how useful Bubble Wrap could be in protecting its new, very expensive computers during shipping. A deal was made. By the mid-1960s, Fielding and Chavannes’s packing material had become a shipping essential, \_\_30\_\_ today protects millions of packages a year \_\_31\_\_ damage. Another interesting use about the Bubble Wrap lies in its relaxing function. The smooth \_\_32\_\_ and fingertip-sized bubbles are ideal to keep our hands busy with and small motions help us to lower stress by relaxing \_\_33\_\_.

**(AB)introduced　(AC) connect　(AD) attention　　(AE) satisfy　　(BC) respond**

Social media, like FB, Instagram or Wechat, are used to make communication easy and efficient. People can use these apps to \_\_34\_\_with others and share their lives. But some addicts to the Internet have been obsessed with getting as many likes and followers as possible. This electronic \_\_35\_\_ they get makes them feel popular and vain. They \_\_36\_\_ to comments from strangers as if they were superstars. Some users even make up sensational but fake news or pictures just to win more likes. Smart companies have noticed this growing trend for online popularity and \_\_37\_\_ online shops selling likes and followers. Anyone can buy hundreds or even thousands of fake followers to \_\_38\_\_ their desire to be famous. It seems that many of us have lost the sense to tell right from wrong and gradually become victims to vanity.

1. Grammar 5%

39. No one knows \_\_\_\_\_\_. (A) who the woman in pink is. (B)when we can finish the job (C) why did you lie

(D) how the accident happened (選錯的)

40. Otters can rest on land, but they are \_\_\_\_\_ safer in the water. (A) much (B) even (C) very (D) still (選錯的)

41. Eating too much fast food \_\_\_ harmful to our health. (A) are (B) is (C) has (D) have

42. Without sugar in the coffee, it \_\_\_\_\_ bitter. (A) tasted (B) tasted like (C) be tasted (D) be tasted like

43. \_\_\_\_\_ my brother, I am not interested in basketball. Tennis attracts me more.

(A) As (B) Like (C) To (D) Unlike

1. Reading Comprehension 8%

A feather tickles the nose. A pin sticks the finger. A hug from someone we love gives us warmth and comfort. We may not think much about our sense of touch, but in many ways, it is the thing that keeps us alive. Like all our senses, touch depends on a special organ. Other sense organs, like our eyes, ears, nose, and mouth, are located in one place. But our touch organ—skin—stretches over our whole body. It’s our bigger organ! When our skin detects sensations such as cold, heat, pain, and pressure, it sends the information to our brain.

Besides telling us if something is soft, hard, rough, or smooth, our sense of touch also prevents us from seriously damaging our bodies. Imagine relying on your sense of smell rather than touch to tell you that your hand is burning on a hot pan! For people who lack other senses, touch can **fill in**. For example, the blind can “see” their environment through touch. Using braille writing, they can also read with their fingertips.

Touch is so essential that babies develop it first while they’re still in their mother’s womb. After birth, the memory of being surrounded by warm liquid makes babies seek out the feeling of being held and wrapped in soft blankets. Actually, research has shown that babies who are not held or touched can become sick and even die. Furthermore, scientists have studied the relationship between touch and brain growth. Compared to babies who receive lots of hugs and attention, those who are rarely touched tend to have smaller brains and develop behavioral problems more easily as they grow up.

Our sense of touch protects, comfort us, and reveals that things around us. Without it, we would be cut off from the world.

44. Why do babies like to be wrapped in warm blankets?

(A) Because it makes them feel as if they were surrounded by warm liquid

(B) Because babies have cold skin

© Because the blanket feels like the mother’s skin

(D) Because it keeps them from becoming sick

45. How is the touch organ different from the other sense organs?

(A) It is found in only one location of the body.

(B) It does not keep us from danger.

© It covers our entire body.

(D) It does not send information directly to the brain.

46. Babies who are NOT often hugged and held can develop all of the following problems EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_.

(A) sickness and death

(B) a smaller brain size

© behavioral problems

(D) blindness

47. What does “**fill in”** mean in the second paragraph? How do you know? (Please use the words, phrases or sentences from the same paragraph to explain.) (這題答案寫在答題卷)

基隆市立中山高中109學年度第一學期第一次月考高一英文科答題卷

　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　Class: Name: No: Score:

1. Voc. 15%
2. Instead of making phone calls, teenagers nowadays prefer sending m\_\_\_\_\_\_ges.
3. People th\_\_\_\_\_\_t the world have been influenced by the pandemic –COVID19 politically and economically.
4. The r\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_p between the parents and their kids is getting better and better because they always talk to each other.
5. After watching the 2020 United States presidential debate, I felt very d\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ed with the performance of the two candidates.
6. U.S. beef from cattle older than 30 months and pork containing Ractopamine are going to be imported to Taiwan soon, which will r\_\_\_\_n our health.
7. I always take notes to r\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_d myself of what I need to do later.
8. David was a little u\_\_\_\_\_\_t because he failed his math test.
9. As the saying goes, “Practice makes p\_\_\_\_\_\_t.”
10. We were unable to get funding and t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_e had to give up the plan.
11. When you feel sleepy, you can drink some tea to stay a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_e.
12. At the summer camp, Lydia participated in a va\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_y of activities.
13. Every morning, I walk to school. My school is within easy walking d\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_e.
14. For those who suffer from stress, it is enjoyable to go mountain climbing and b\_\_\_\_\_\_\_e the fresh air.
15. Alice smiled with (satisfy) as she enjoyed the beautiful scenery and warm sunshine.
16. It was so (embarrass) when I mistook a stranger for my uncle out on the street the other day.
17. Fill in the blanks 8%
18. 我們排球隊開場沒打好，但是我們在最後一刻逆轉勝。

Our volleyball team didn’t \_\_1\_\_ \_\_2\_\_ to a good \_\_3\_\_\_, but luckily we turned the game around in the last minute.

1. Gary 很少在周末與朋友在網咖廝混。Gary seldom \_\_4\_\_ \_\_5\_\_ with his friends in the Internet café on weekends.
2. 西班牙以鬥牛和Tapas聞名。除此之外，它也被認為是個熱情的國家。

Spain is famous \_\_6\_\_ bullfighting and Tapas. \_\_7\_\_ \_\_8\_\_, it is thought to be a passionate country.

1. 我不富有。事實上，我幾乎入不敷出。

I am not rich. \_\_9\_\_ \_\_10\_\_, I can barely \_\_11\_\_ ends \_\_12\_\_.

1. 根據這名氣象預報員， 這週其他幾天會像這樣下雨。

\_\_13\_\_ \_\_14\_\_ the weather \_\_15\_\_, it is going to rain like this for the \_\_16\_\_ of the week.

1. Voc. 15%

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 messages | 2 throughout | 3 relationship | 4 disappointed/  depressed | 5 ruin |
| 6 remind | 7 upset | 8 perfect | 9 therefore | 10 awake |
| 11 variety | 12 distance | 13 breathe | 14 satisfaction | 15 embarrassing |

1. Fill in the blanks 8%

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 get | 2 off | 3 start | 4 hangs | 5 out | 6 for |
| 7 In | 8 addition | 9 In | 10 fact | 11 make | 12 meet |
| 13 According | 14 to | 15 forecaster | 16 rest /remaining |  |  |

1. Translation 8% (錯一個字扣0.5分)

|  |
| --- |
| 1. 醫學專家說常洗手可以阻止疾病的傳播。(傳播:spread)   Medical experts say (said) that washing hands often can stop(prevent) diseases from spread ( spreading). |
| 1. 搭火車旅行比搭飛機旅行要有趣的多了。   Traveling(Travelling ) by train is much more interesting than traveling by airplane. |

47. What does “**fill in”** mean in the second paragraph? How do you know? (Please use the words, phrases or sentences from the same paragraph to explain.) 2% (不一定要用句子回答，從寬給分。)

Answer: It means that the sense of touch can function as other senses. For example, the blind can use their fingertips to read braille writing; in the way, the sense of touch can be used as eyes.