

一 詞彙題 10%

- The restaurant has a great \_\_\_\_ of pizzas to choose from. (A) valuable (B) selection (C) legend (D) performance
- This music sounds like a \_\_\_\_ of jazz and rock. (A) gesture (B) competition (C) combination (D) major
- There are a lot of \_\_\_\_ in a person's mouth. (A) sources (B) ranges (C) mixtures (D) bacteria
- Tom is often late. And I \_\_\_\_ he'll be late again today. (A) assume (B) decrease (C) float (D) interpret
- Taking vitamin C may help \_\_\_\_ colds. (A) display (B) praise (C) treat (D) prevent
- The teacher \_\_\_\_ the rules to the kids before the game started. (A) challenged (B) assured (C) disagreed (D) explained
- \_\_\_\_, the disease lasts about five or seven days. (A) Normally (B) Immediately (C) Respectively (D) Accurately
- Zoos perform the \_\_\_\_ of offering people enjoyment and helping them better understand animals. (A) blame (B) warning (C) functions (D) recipe
- Rachel tried to build up her \_\_\_\_ by exercising every day. (A) average (B) strength (C) support (D) struggle
- Stanley was sent to prison because he had \_\_\_\_ in some kind of criminal activity. (A) informed (B) described (C) engaged (D) shot

二、文意選填(請忽略大小寫)15%

|             |           |               |               |                  |
|-------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| (A) pollute | (B) waste | (C) collected | (D) solutions | (E) surprisingly |
|-------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|------------------|

Training cows to use toilets could help in the fight against climate change. Researchers in New Zealand and Germany are teaching cows to go to a "MooLoo" when the animals need to urinate. Currently, the huge amount of urine \_\_\_\_(11)\_\_\_\_ from cows causes environmental problems. Urine has nitrogen in it. In large amounts, nitrogen can \_\_\_\_(12)\_\_\_\_ the soil, the water, and even the air by creating nitrous oxide, which is a greenhouse gas. Looking for \_\_\_\_(13)\_\_\_\_, the researchers trained some cows to walk through a gate to a special area whenever they needed to urinate. The pee can then be \_\_\_\_(14)\_\_\_\_ and treated, or reused for fertilizer. Training the cows was \_\_\_\_(15)\_\_\_\_ easy. The researchers used a sweet reward to get the cows to enter the area they needed, and a blast of cold water when the cows urinated outside.

|          |           |             |             |                |
|----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------|
| (A) rule | (B) worth | (C) figures | (D) located | (E) mechanical |
|----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------|

Prague is the capital of the Czech Republic. For decades, the country was under Communist \_\_\_\_(16)\_\_\_\_, and it was not a major tourist spot. When the Communist regime fell in 1989, the city quickly became a popular vacation place. The Old Town Square is a great place to start a tour of the city. It is where many of Prague's top sites are \_\_\_\_(17)\_\_\_\_. There, you'll see the Church of Our Lady before Týn. It has twin, gold-tipped towers. You can also see the Prague Astronomical Clock. It is on the southern wall of the Old Town Hall. People come to see its hourly parade of \_\_\_\_(18)\_\_\_\_ dolls. Next, walk across Charles Bridge and admire the beautiful statues of religious \_\_\_\_(19)\_\_\_\_ towering above you on either side. Prague Castle is another site \_\_\_\_(20)\_\_\_\_ visiting. It is the world's biggest ancient castle.

|              |            |           |            |           |
|--------------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| (A) confused | (B) arrows | (C) scene | (D) proven | (E) naked |
|--------------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|

A man showed up at Anthony's house to report how much money he had paid drivers and policemen to create the traffic jam. The millionaire gave the man a check and jokingly asked if he had seen a \_\_\_\_(21)\_\_\_\_ fat boy shooting \_\_\_\_(22)\_\_\_\_ at the \_\_\_\_(23)\_\_\_\_ of the traffic jam. "No." said the man, \_\_\_\_(24)\_\_\_\_. Anthony laughed, satisfied with himself for having \_\_\_\_(25)\_\_\_\_ that money could buy time. However, was it money or the ring that brought love ?

三、綜合測驗 15%

While Mrs. Packletide was in India, she decided to kill a tiger. Loona Bimberton, a woman Mrs. Packletide disliked, had recently \_\_\_\_(26)\_\_\_\_ a tiger hunt in Africa. She was \_\_\_\_(27)\_\_\_\_ about it to everybody, even though she came home empty-handed. Mrs. Packletide wanted to do one better. She planned to be the first to kill a tiger and make a tiger-skin rug. Mrs. Packletide offered 1,000 rupees to anyone who could help her kill a tiger. The residents of a small village \_\_\_\_(28)\_\_\_\_. They managed to trap an old tiger \_\_\_\_(29)\_\_\_\_ feeding it goats and posting guards to make sure it didn't leave the area. Mrs. Packletide and her hired assistant, Miss Mebbin, waited on a raised platform for the tiger \_\_\_\_(30)\_\_\_\_. Finally, the tiger appeared. Mrs. Packletide fired her gun, and the tiger fell over.

- |                    |                |                      |                 |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 26. (A) cooled off | (B) gone on    | (C) consisted of     | (D) broke down  |
| 27. (A) resisting  | (B) occupying  | (C) replacing        | (D) boasting    |
| 28. (A) sliced     | (B) attracted  | (C) volunteered      | (D) entertained |
| 29. (A) by         | (B) in         | (C) for              | (D) with        |
| 30. (A) approach   | (B) approached | (C) that approaching | (D) to approach |

Few would disagree that sipping hot tea in the late afternoon \_\_\_(31)\_\_\_ one of life's great pleasures. It doesn't matter \_\_\_(32)\_\_\_ you're a big tea drinker or not; you certainly \_\_\_(33)\_\_\_ this delightful British custom. But do you know who started this tea-drinking tradition? And are you \_\_\_(34)\_\_\_ that the British have both "low" and "high" tea?

In England, afternoon tea can \_\_\_(35)\_\_\_ be described \_\_\_(36)\_\_\_ sitting down for some time between 3 and 6 p.m. to enjoy not only tea but also snacks such as sandwiches, scones, and cakes. Some believe that the English duchess Anna Russell started this pleasant \_\_\_(37)\_\_\_ in the mid-1800s. At the time, members of the upper class usually had a light lunch and late dinner. However, Lady Russell grew desperately hungry between meals and could never \_\_\_(38)\_\_\_ dinnertime. She asked for some snacks and tea at 4 p.m. She later started inviting friends over for the affair, and because of this, her idea soon spread throughout British high society. Hosts at these engagements served high-quality teas and \_\_\_(39)\_\_\_ snacks on luxurious, low tables. This is why we now \_\_\_(40)\_\_\_ the custom as "low tea."

- |                   |                  |                     |                   |                    |               |               |               |
|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 31. (A) is        | (B) are          | (C) had             | (D) have been     | 36. (A) by         | (B) for       | (C) as        | (D) about     |
| 32. (A) though    | (B) because      | (C) whether         | (D) what          | 37. (A) pastime    | (B) devise    | (C) variety   | (D) landmark  |
| 33. (A) hear      | (B) are heard of | (C) have heard from | (D) have heard of | 38. (A) make it to | (B) make it a | (C) make it   | (D) make      |
| 34. (A) tradition | (B) perfume      | (C) restricted      | (D) aware         | 39. (A) swollen    | (B) exquisite | (C) sculpture | (D) socialite |
| 35. (A) probably  | (B) typically    | (C) frequently      | (D) likely        | 40. (A) ask for    | (B) are stuck | (C) refer to  | (D) cut off   |

#### 四、篇章結構(請忽略大小寫) 13%

##### Question 41-44

- (A) where passengers attention is often distracted from what they're eating.
- (B) your tongue is actually not as sensitive to different flavors as it usually is.
- (C) food doesn't taste as sweet or salty under noisy conditions as it does in a quieter environment.
- (D) becomes so blocked that it doesn't function well high in the sky.

Because of the lower humidity and air pressure in the airplane cabin, \_\_\_(41)\_\_. Similarly, your nose, which helps you distinguish between different tastes more precisely, \_\_\_(42)\_\_. Also, your ears can affect how much you enjoy your meal. An airplane cabin can be quite a noisy place \_\_\_(43)\_\_. In fact, experiments have indicated that \_\_\_(44)\_\_. Your cuisine in the clouds, therefore, might taste quite bland because of the noise of the airplane engines.

##### Question 45-48

- (A) despite the disappointment, despite the pain
- (B) has run down from his seat in the stands and has made his way past the security guards and officials.
- (C) you've got nothing to prove.
- (D) pride, courage, and a father's love

As he keeps moving forward, Derek suddenly feels a familiar arm around him. Derek's father, Jim, \_\_\_(45)\_\_. No one can stop him from helping his son. With tears in his eyes he says, "You don't have to do this, son! You're already a champion." \_\_\_(46)\_\_\_ "Dad, I have to finish this!" is all that Derek replies. "In that case, my boy, we're going to finish this together!"

Arm in arm and in tears, the Redmonds struggle toward the finish line in one of the greatest moments in Olympic history. \_\_\_(47)\_\_\_ carry them through as 65,000 emotional spectators watch in admiration and respect. The people of the world have seen someone fall and rise again— \_\_\_(48)\_\_. They have seen the heart of a champion.

##### Question 49-53

- (A) When did the cafés in France start?
- (B) Linger a bit and you will see that the Parisian stereotypes are still alive and well.
- (C) Nowadays in Paris cafés still play the role of picture windows for observing contemporary life.
- (D) These were like all-male clubs, with many functioning as centers of political life and discussion.
- (E) Le Procope attracted Paris's political and literary elite, and thus played an important part among the upper class.

It is impossible to imagine Paris without its cafés. The city has some 12,000 cafés varying in size, grandeur, and significance. The cafés are like an extension of the French living room, a place to start and end the day, to gossip and debate. \_\_\_(49)\_\_\_ The oldest café in Paris is Le Procope. It was opened in 1686 by Francesco Procopio dei Coltelli, the man who turned France into a coffee-drinking society.

\_\_(50)\_\_. By the end of 18th century, all of Paris was intoxicated with coffee and the city supported some 700 cafés. \_\_(51)\_\_ By the 1840s the number of cafés had grown to 3,000. The men who gathered in these cafés and set the theme of the times included journalists, playwrights and writers. Around the turn of the 20th century, the sidewalk cafés became the meeting halls for artists and literary figures. \_\_(52)\_\_ The artists gathered at the café may not be as great as those of the past, but faces worth watching are just the same. \_\_(53)\_\_ You'll see the old men in navy berets; ultra-thin, bronzed women with hair dyed bright orange; and schoolchildren sharing an afternoon chocolate with their mothers. The café in Paris has always been a place for seeing and being seen.

#### 五、閱讀測驗 7%

In Germany, it is traditional for the married couple to cut a log in half with a two-person saw. They do it still dressed in their suit and wedding gown. This activity demonstrates their ability to work as a team. At a Norwegian wedding, you will notice the wedding cake is special. It is made up of progressively smaller layers of iced almond cake rings. They give the cake the shape of a cone or a Christmas tree. The center is hollow and contains gifts. The bride and groom lift the top ring of the cake. The number of layers that stick to it is said to represent the number of kids they will have.

54. What is likely to happen at some point at a German wedding?

- (A) People will put coins on the cake.
- (B) The couple will use a big tool.
- (C) Guests will sing a foreign song.
- (D) The bride will give away her gown.

55. Why would a Norwegian couple lift the cake's top ring?

- (A) To predict how many children they will have.
- (B) To see how long their marriage will last.
- (C) To look for their wedding rings.
- (D) To find out when they should get married.

56. What is true about Norwegian wedding cakes?

- (A) They are the same as German ones.
- (B) They are made of all kinds of nuts.
- (C) They are covered in dark chocolate.
- (D) They have presents inside them.

SHOULD KIDS RUN BUSINESSES? Running a business can be both complicated and rewarding. Should kids be allowed to take on this task? Some say running a business lets kids earn money and learn how to manage it. It's never too early to pick up such skills. Others say that in the long run, kids benefit more from focusing on school and extracurricular activities. Running a business can be distracting. Should kids run businesses? TFK Kid Reporters Ethan Zhang and Via Ryerson weigh in. What do you think? — R.M.

YES ! Ethan Zhang, 9 years old, Mclean, Virginia

Did you know that Warren Buffett, one of the world's greatest businessmen, sold chewing gum and soda to his neighbors when he was a kid? Running a business at a young age can teach you skills that will benefit you in the future. According to a Gallup survey published in 2017, 40 % of kids in grades 5 through 12 plan to one day start a business. Giving it a try early on can help you learn. It can also get you ready for new opportunities. Becoming a young entrepreneur teaches you important lessons. These include how to set goals and how to manage money. Finally, running a business teaches critical thinking and persistence. These skills can help you excel in school.

NO ! Via Ryerson, 9 years old, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Kids should not run businesses. They should be expanding their knowledge by focusing on school. They learn an array of subjects at school—more than they'll learn from a business. The more subjects kids learn, the wider the range of things they can do when they get older. When kids aren't running a business, they are more likely to join after-school clubs or sports teams. These activities can build mental and physical strength. They can also teach kids to solve problems and collaborate. Plus, kids who are running a business have less time to spend having fun. Kids should just be kids.

57. What words does Ethan Zhang use as synonyms in his argument?

- (A) Skills and opportunities (B) Businessmen and entrepreneur (C) Critical thinking and persistence (D) Goals and excel

58. How may Via think of running a lemonade stand ?

- (A) Kids should not run any businesses, including lemonade stands. (B) Lemonade stands should give away free lemonade. (C) Lemonade stands should not require a permit. (D) Lemonade stands must be held to high food-safety standards.

59. Based on a survey by Gallup in this reading, how many 5<sup>th</sup> graders may want to start a business in a class of 25 students ?

- (A) 20 (B) 25 (C) 10 (D) 15

60. What words does Via Ryerson use as synonyms in her argument ?

- (A) School and knowledge (B) Teachers and students (C) Strength and Collaboration (D) Fun and time.

## 六、文意字彙 6%

1. D\_\_\_n means the time, effort, and hard work one puts into achieving a certain goal.
2. The heat of 40°C was u\_\_\_e. I couldn't breath and my blood pressure was hitting high.
3. Our English teacher made an a\_\_\_t that there would be a test on Thursday.
4. This restaurant only uses natural i\_\_\_s like fruits, vegetables, and herbs in its dishes.
5. A s\_\_\_y room or building is unpleasant because it has no fresh air.
6. David found a fancy old box under the bed and decided to open it out of c\_\_\_y.

## 七、片語 9%

1. This cake is f (7) \_\_\_ w (8) \_\_\_ delicious sweet chocolate from Switzerland. We can taste it every bite.
2. B (9) \_\_\_ (10) \_\_\_ (11) \_\_\_ (12) \_\_\_, you have just won one million dollars in our lottery.
3. \_\_\_ (13) \_\_\_ c (14) \_\_\_ (15) \_\_\_ Greenland, Taiwan is a very small island.

## 八、合併句子 3%

- 1.請用Despite/In spite of合併以下兩句。

The team made a great effort.

The team did not win the game.

- 2.請用as....as 合併以下兩句。

The tower is fifty meters tall.

The new department store is fifty meters tall.

- 3.請用when或,when或where或,where合併以下兩句。

Here's a photo of Eiffel Tower.

Jeff asked Julia to marry him at Eiffel Tower.

## 九、素養題2%

### Winter Olympics facts...

#### 1. Animals once participated in the Winter Olympics!

While they haven't been invited to join in with official sports, horses and dogs have both played a role in 'demonstration events'. Dog-sledding featured in the 1932 Winter Olympics, while in the 1928 Olympics, horses demonstrated skijoring – an event that involves athletes being towed on skis behind riderless horses. *Don't try that at home, gang!*

#### 2. Athletes competing in skeleton bobsleigh hurtle down slopes at up to 140kmph!

Sliding on boards the width of their body, these athletes balance on their bellies and navigate around tight turns on a hair-raising course made of ice. *Yikes!*

#### 3. In the first Winter Olympics, women were only allowed to compete in figure skating.

This continued until 1948, when skiing also became a competitive women's sport. Thankfully, women can now compete in all sports at the Winter Olympics!

#### 4. Marit Bjørgen from Norway has won the most medals of any Winter Olympian.

This amazing cross-country skier has won a whopping 15 medals. She secured her title at the 2014 Winter Olympics, by winning three gold medals!

#### 5. Snow and ice once had to be brought in by the army!

*Innsbruck ski jumping slope without any snow!*

In 1964, the Winter Olympics were set to take place in Innsbruck, Austria – but as the event loomed, the officials realised that there wasn't enough snow! So, the Austrian army headed into the nearby mountains and carted down more than 38,200 cubic metres of snow and 20,000 blocks of ice!

#### 6. Walt Disney was in charge of the opening and closing ceremonies for one memorable Winter Olympics!

These took place in the Squaw Valley, California, USA in 1960. In a quest to make the opening ceremony the most impressive yet, Disney's performance included a whopping 3,700 musicians, 2,000 doves, and more than 30,000 balloons!

#### 7. Only one person has ever won gold in both the Winter and Summer Olympics.

American Eddie Eagan grabbed a gold medal in boxing during the 1920 Summer Olympics in Antwerp, Germany. Then, more than 10 years later, he scored another in the 1932 Winter Olympics, as part of a four-man bobsled team. *Wow!*

1. Name an animal who played a role in the games. \_\_\_\_\_

2. Name a country which didn't have enough snow for the games. \_\_\_\_\_

班級：      座號：      姓名：

六、文意字彙 6%

|               |               |                 |                |           |              |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|
| 1. Dedication | 2. unbearable | 3. announcement | 4. ingredients | 5. stuffy | 6. curiosity |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|

七、片語 9%

|           |         |                |          |        |
|-----------|---------|----------------|----------|--------|
| 7. filled | 8. with | 9. Believe     | 10. it   | 11. or |
| 12. not   | 13. In  | 14. comparison | 15. with |        |

八、合併句子 3%

|   |
|---|
| 1.<br>Despite / In spite of a/the great effort, the team didn't win the game. |
| 2.<br>The tower is as fifty meters tall as the new department store.          |
| 3.<br>Here's a phot of Eiffel Tower, where Jeff asked Julia to marry him.     |

九、素養題 2%

1. Name an animal who played a role in the games.

Horses/Dogs. A horse/A dog.

\_\_\_\_\_

2. Name the country which didn't have enough snow for the games.

Australia

\_\_\_\_\_